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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/773,964	02/05/2004	Andreas Stockhaus	INFMN-004	7349
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BEVER HOFFMAN & HARMS, LLP TRI-VALLEY OFFICE			GILMAN, ALEXANDER	
1432 CONCANNON BLVD., BLDG. G			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER

DATE MAILED: 01/12/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/773,964	STOCKHAUS ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Alexander D Gilman	2833				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet with the o	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tireply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDONE	mely filed /s will be considered timely. In the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05</u>	February 2004.					
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Th	is action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-20</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrest is/are allowed. 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,2 and 4-20</u> is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) <u>3</u> is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	rawn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examination The drawing(s) filed on 05/02/2004 is/are: a) Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct of the oath or declaration is objected to by the left.	\boxtimes accepted or b) \square objected to by ne drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ection is required if the drawing(s) is ob	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docume 2. Certified copies of the priority docume 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority docume application from the International Bure * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	nts have been received. nts have been received in Applicat iority documents have been receiv eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	tion No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 02/04/2005. 		Patent Application (PTO-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1, 2, 4, 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Yohn et al.

With regard to claims 1, 8, Yohn et al (US 5,482,474) disclose an arrangement comprising: an electronic component (col. 5, lines 13-16), with terminal contacts a printed circuit board (22) with electrical contacts (11), and an at least partly flexible conductor support (4) with a plurality of interconnects (8, 10), the conductor support providing an electrical connection between the términal contacts of the electronic component and the electrical contacts of the printed circuit board, wherein a portion (10) of the conductor support that is connected to the printed circuit board is arranged on an end face of the printed circuit board and extends perpendicularly in relation to the surface of the printed circuit board.

With regard to claim 2, Yohn et al disclose that the conductor support includes a first portion with first contact regions (8) for the connection to associated electrical contacts of the printed circuit board and a second, portion (10) with second contact regions for the electrical connection to the terminal contacts of the electronic component, and the first contact regions being in connection with electrical contacts of the printed circuit board, which on the surface of the printed circuit board are led up to the end face and are adjacent to the latter.

With regard to claim 4, Yohn et al disclose that the printed circuit board having adjusting structures (18) and the conductor support having adjusting structures (17) corresponding to them in the portion that is connected to the printed circuit board.

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Claims 1, 4- 8, 18-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Perino et al. With regard to claims 1, 8, Perino et al (US 6,234,820) disclose (Fig. 1 ,4) an arrangement comprising: an electronic component 110), with terminal contacts (130)

a printed circuit board (150) with electrical contacts (11), and an at least partly flexible conductor support (440) with a plurality of interconnects (480, 460), the conductor support providing an electrical connection between the términal contacts of the electronic component and the electrical contacts of the printed circuit board, wherein a portion (part of 450) of the conductor support that is connected to the printed circuit board is arranged on an end face of the printed circuit board and extends perpendicularly in relation to the surface of the printed circuit board.

With regard to claims 4-6, Perino et al disclose that the printed circuit board having at least one projection (445) on the end face and one clearance (the curvilinear portion to meet a configuration of 445) corresponding to a projection of the printed circuit board.

With regard to claim 7, Perino et al disclose that the conductor support is bent approximately 180 degrees between the first portion and the second portion.

With regard to claim 18, Perino et al disclose (Fig. 4) arrangement comprising:

an electronic component(110) including a terminal contact; a printed circuit board (150) having parallel upper and lower surfaces, and a peripheral edge extending between the upper and lower surfaces, the printed circuit board also including an electrical contact formed on one of the upper and lower surfaces; and *an* at least partially flexible conductor support (450, 460) including an elongated conductor having a first contact region (450, 460 between 420 and an edge of the upper surface of the PCB) connected to the electrical contact formed on the printed circuit board, and a second contact region (470, 480) connected to the terminal contact of the electronic component, wherein a first portion of the conductor support

including the first contact region abuts the peripheral edge of the printed circuit board and extends perpendicular to the upper and lower surfaces.

With regard to claims 19, 20, Perino et al disclose a second portion including second contact region connected to the electronic component; and a third portion (between the end of the top surface of PCB

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and end of 470, 480) bent approximately 180 degrees and extending between the first and second portions, wherein the first and second portions define parallel planes.

Claims 10-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ibaraki et al With regard to claim 10, Ibaraki et al (US 5,681,176) disclose (Fig. 7, Fig. 11, 15, 16) a conductor support comprising:

a plurality of interconnects formed on an at least partly flexible, planar dielectric;

a first portion defining a first width (7a, 107, 108), the first portion having first contact regions for the connection of

the interconnects to associated electrical contacts of a printed circuit board (in box 2),

a second portion (7b, 107, 108) defining a second width (it is not claimed that the second width is different from the first width), the second portion having second contact regions (7b) for the electrical connection of the interconnects to the terminal contacts of

an electronic component, and

a third portion (diagonal portion in Fig. 7)), which extends between the first and second portions and has a third width which is narrower that the first width of the first portion and the second width of the second portion.

With regard to claim 11, Ibaraki et al disclose (Fig. 9) that the third portion being bent by 180 degrees. With regard to claims 12, 13, 14 Ibaraki et al disclose (Fig. 21a) the first portion having mechanical adjusting structures for the coupling of the first portion to a printed circuit board (W, 108j). With regard to claim 15, Ibaraki et al disclose (Fig. 22a-22c) that thefirst portion of the conductor support having two rows of contact regions (Fig. 22c) .

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yohn et al.

With regard to claim 9, Yohn disclose the electrical component, however no not specifically teach an optoelectronic component comprising at least one of a light-generating element and a light. Since the electronic component in Yohn et al (col. 5, lines 13-16) can incorporate also an optoelectronic component comprising a light-generating element (for example PCB with LED), the limitation deems to be met

Claims 10-13, 16, 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the admitted prior art in view of Ibaraki et al

With regard to claim 10, the admitted prior art disclose (Fig. 8, 9) a conductor support (200) comprising: a plurality of interconnects formed on an at least partly flexible, planar dielectric;

a first portion (202) defining a first width the first portion having first contact regions for the connection of the interconnects to associated electrical contacts of a printed circuit board (300),

a second portion (201) defining a second width (it is not claimed that the second width is different from the first width), the second portion having second contact regions (112) for the electrical connection of the interconnects to the terminal contacts of

an electronic component, and

a third portion (203a), which extends between the first and second portions.

The admitted prior art does not disclose that third width of the support being narrower that the first width of the first portion and the second width of the second portion.

Ibaraki et al disclose (Fig.7, 15) that third width (an intermediate portion) of the support being narrower that the first width of the first portion and the second width of the second portion (the width of portions at the ends.

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide the width of the third portion narrower than the widths of the first and the second portions as taught by Ibaraki et alet al, to increase a flexibility of the support when it being folded.

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With regard to claim 11, the admitted prior art when modified by Ibaraki et al disclose (the admitted prior art -Fig.8, 9) that the third portion being bent by 180 degrees.

With regard to claims 12, 13 the admitted prior art when modified by Ibaraki et al disclose (the admitted prior art -Fig.8, 9) that the first portion having mechanical adjusting structures for the coupling of the first portion to a printed circuit board

With regard to claims 16, 17, the admitted prior art when modified by Ibaraki et al disclose (the admitted prior art -Fig.8, 9) that the first portion of the conductor support being formed such that is substantially rectangular, and the second portion of the conductor support being formed such that it is substantially circular.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 3 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. No prior art has been found to anticipate or render obvious the presently claimed subject matter. Specifically, none of the prior art of record discloses the combination of the limitations presented including the first portion of the conductor support having two rows of first contact regions, the contact regions of the first row being connected to electrical contacts on the one surface of the printed circuit board and the contact regions of the second row being connected to electrical contacts on the othersurface of the printed circuit board (claim 3).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alexander D Gilman whose telephone number is 571 272-2004. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 10:30 a.m. - 8:00 p.m.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor,

Paula A. Bradley can be reached on 571 272-2800 ext. 33. The fax phone number for the organization

where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

01/07/2005

PRIMARY EXAMINER

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